



# Agilent U3606A Multimeter | DC Power Supply

Data Sheet

The real two instruments in one box



## Features

- Two independent instruments in one box
- 9 basic measurements as well as 4-wire milliohm measurement and 8 math functions
- Measurement speed: up to 37 readings/s
- Low error rate: up to 0.025% DCV accuracy
- 30-W dual-range power supply with remote sensing
- Excellent load regulation: up to 0.01%+3 mV
- OVP and OCP load protection
- Auto scan and ramp, and built-in 4.8 kHz square-wave generator
- USB-TMC488.2 and GPIB connectivity
- Kensington lock slot security

## Pick both

Digital multimeter (DMM) *and* power supply? Simultaneous *and* independent? Small *and* cost-effective? Get all this and more in the Agilent U3606A multimeter | DC power supply. This convenient new hybrid combines a 5½-digit DMM and 30-W dual-range supply in a single unit. Operating simultaneously and independently, the instruments provide efficient, affordable testing while saving space on the bench or in a rack.

## The 5.5-digit DMM

The 5.5-digit DMM includes nine essential multimeter capabilities as well as 4-wire milliohm measurement and eight built-in math functions. The DMM also provides a fast measurement speed of up to 37 readings/s, and a low error rate of up to 0.025% DCV accuracy.

## Physical security and seamless system integration

Instruments may be at risk of theft or misplacement when left unattended on the bench. With the hybrid multimeter's rear Kensington lock slot, you can secure your instrument and be assured that it is where you expect it to be for your continued testing the next day. The rackmountable U3606A also enables seamless integration into your system via popular GPIB and USB-TMC488.2 interfaces, programmable with standard SCPI commands.



**Agilent Technologies**

## The 30-W DC power supply

The 30-W DC power supply provides a dual-range output of 30 V/1 A and 8V/3 A, with an excellent load regulation of up to 0.01%+3 mV. The power supply adds overvoltage and overcurrent load protection (OVP and OCP), a built-in square-wave generator, and auto scan and ramp for multi-level DC bias testing. Remote sensing capability further ensures accurate supply of power at load end.

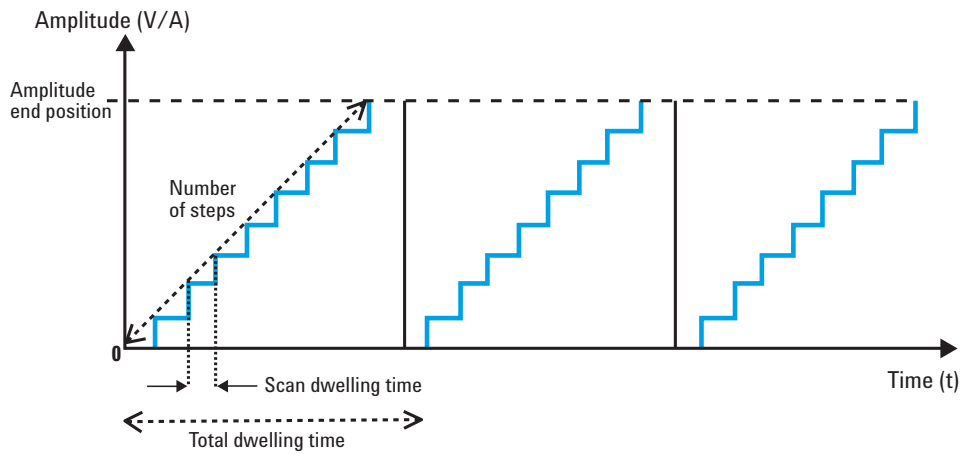
### Square-wave generator

Square-wave output is a unique function for many applications, such as pulse-width modulation (PWM) output, adjustable voltage control, and synchronous clock (baud rate generator). You can also use this function to check and calibrate flow-meter displays, counters, tachometers, oscilloscopes, frequency converters, frequency transmitters, and other frequency input devices. The U3606A's square-wave output provides selectable frequencies up to 4.8 kHz with variable duty cycles and amplitudes.

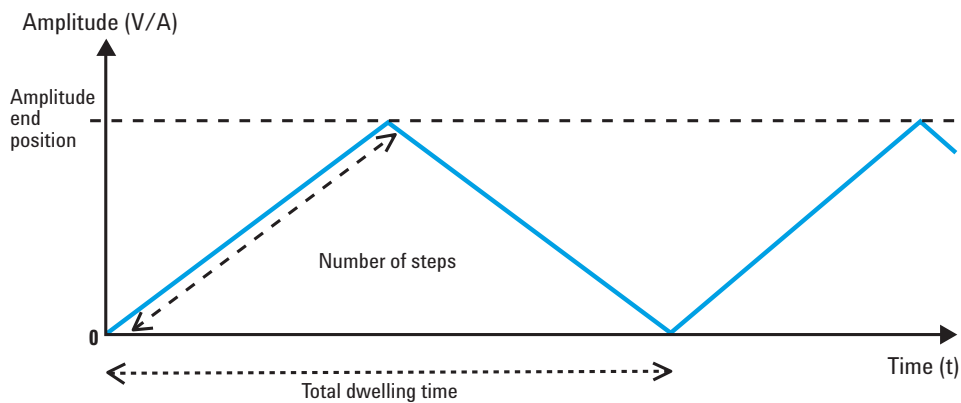
### Sweep functions

Sweep functions in the U3606A are auto ramp and scan outputs for low-speed multilevel DC bias tests, such as margin tests, power cycling tests and relay control. Both functions are conveniently configurable from the front panel to sweep up to 100 steps for scan and 10,000 steps for ramp, programmable to 105% of full scale.

#### Auto scan output



#### Auto ramp output



## Take a closer look

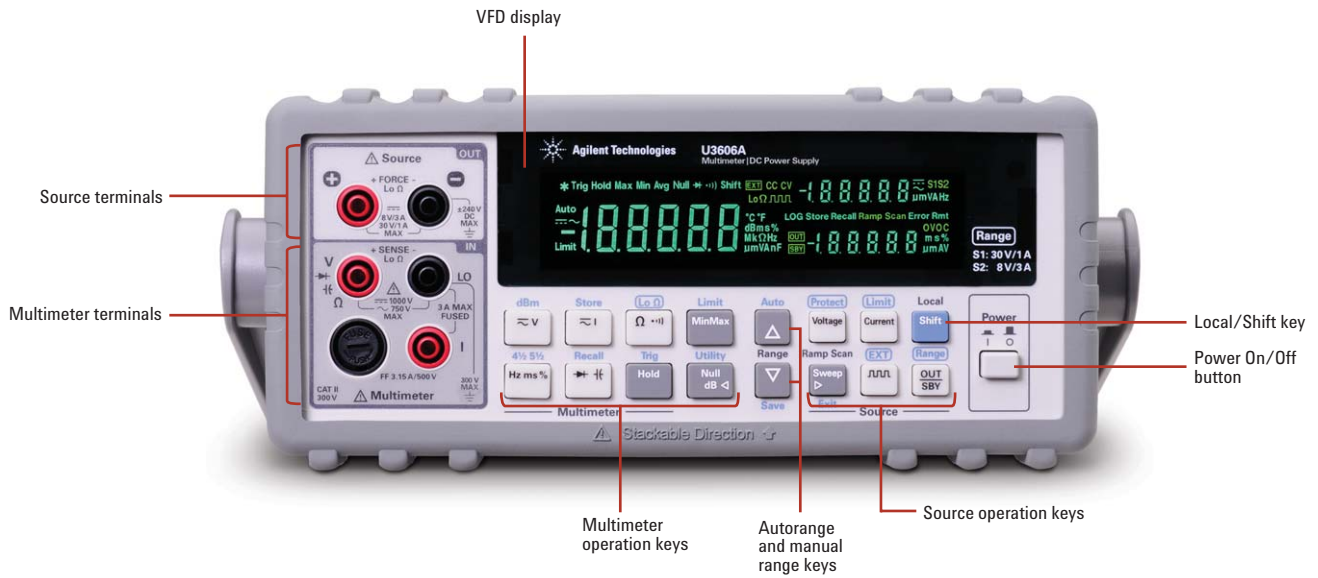


Figure 1 Front panel of the U3606A.

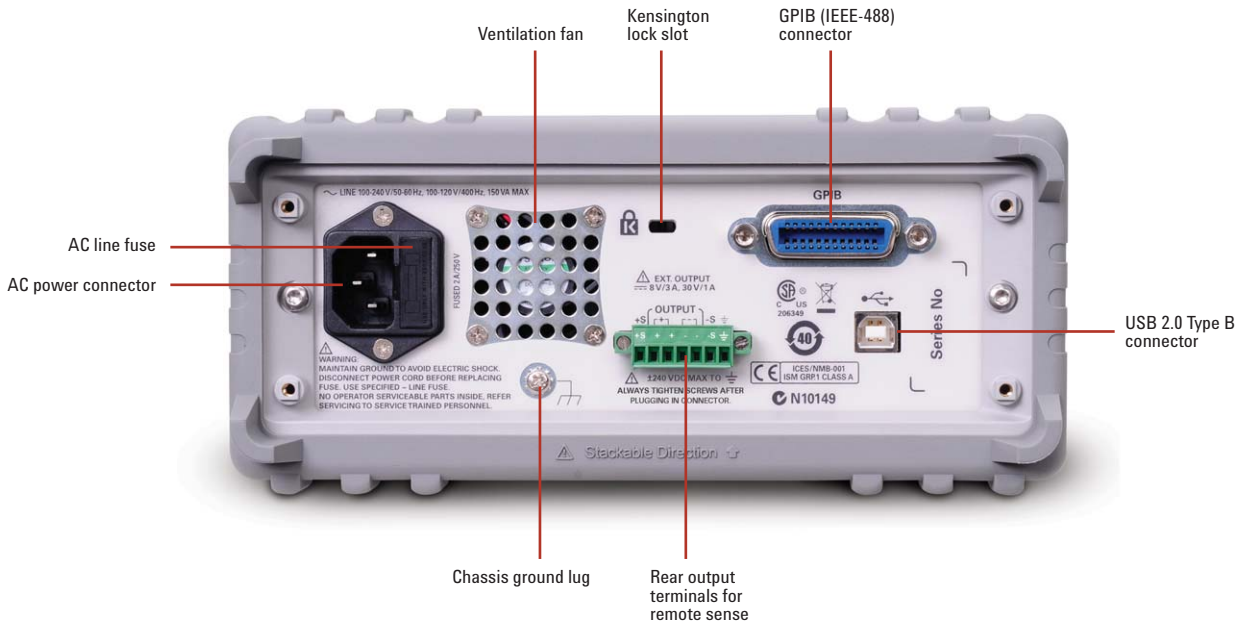


Figure 2 Rear panel of the U3606A.

# Digital multimeter specifications

## Specification assumptions:

- Specifications stated are after 60-minutes of warm-up and for 5½-digit resolution
- One-year calibration cycle, with calibration temperature of 18 °C – 20 °C
- Operating temperature: 18 °C – 28 °C (64.4 °F – 82.4 °F)
- Accuracy is expressed as ±(% of reading + % of range)
- Temperature coefficient: Add  $[0.1 \times (\text{the specified accuracy}) / ^\circ\text{C}]$  for 0 °C – 18 °C and 28 °C – 55 °C
- Relative humidity (RH) up to 80% at 30 °C, proportional to 50% for 30 °C – 55 °C

## DC specifications

Function	Range <sup>[1]</sup>	Test current or burden voltage	Accuracy ±(% of reading + % of range)			Temperature coefficient 0 °C – 18 °C 28 °C – 55 °C
			24 hours <sup>[2]</sup> 23 °C ± 1 °C	90 days 23 °C ± 5 °C	1 year 23 °C ± 5 °C	
DC voltage	100.000 mV	-	0.012 + 0.008	0.015 + 0.008	0.025 + 0.008	0.0015 + 0.0005
	1.00000 V	-	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0010 + 0.0005
	10.0000 V	-	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0020 + 0.0005
	100.000 V	-	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0015 + 0.0005
	1000.00 V	-	0.012 + 0.005	0.015 + 0.005	0.025 + 0.005	0.0015 + 0.0005
DC current <sup>[3]</sup>	10.0000 mA	< 0.2 V	0.05 + 0.015	0.05 + 0.015	0.05 + 0.015	0.0060 + 0.0005
	100.000 mA	< 0.2 V	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0060 + 0.0005
	1.00000 A	< 0.3 V	0.05 + 0.007	0.05 + 0.007	0.15 + 0.007	0.0100 + 0.0005
	3.0000 A	< 0.7 V	0.05 + 0.007	0.05 + 0.007	0.15 + 0.007	0.0150 + 0.0010
Resistance <sup>[4]</sup>	100.000 Ω	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.008	0.04 + 0.008	0.05 + 0.008	0.0050 + 0.0005
	1000.00 Ω	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	10.0000 kΩ	100 μA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	100.000 kΩ	10 μA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	1.00000 MΩ	900 nA	0.05 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.06 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
	10.0000 MΩ	205 nA	0.20 + 0.005	0.20 + 0.005	0.25 + 0.005	0.0150 + 0.0005
	100.000 MΩ	205 nA    10 MΩ	1.60 + 0.005	1.60 + 0.005	2.00 + 0.005	0.1500 + 0.0005
Continuity	1.0000 kΩ	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
Diode <sup>[5]</sup>	1.0000 V	0.83 mA	0.04 + 0.005	0.04 + 0.005	0.05 + 0.005	0.0050 + 0.0005
Capacitance <sup>[6]</sup>	1.000 nF	0.75 μA	-	-	2.0 + 0.8	0.02 + 0.001
	10.00 nF	0.75 μA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	100.00 nF	8.3 μA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	1.000 μF	83 μA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	10.00 μF	83 μA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	100.0 μF	83 μA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	1000 μF	0.83 mA	-	-	1.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001
	10000 μF	0.83 mA	-	-	2.0 + 0.5	0.02 + 0.001

[1] 20% over-range on all ranges, except for 1000 V<sub>dc</sub> range.

[2] Relative to calibration standards.

[3] Any current measurement greater than 500 mA will have a temporary thermo-effect. If you wish to measure a lower current or offset current immediately after a high-current measurement, ensure that the U3606A has cooled down.

[4] Specifications stated are for 2-wire resistance measurements using Null math operation. Without Null, add a 0.2 Ω error. To eliminate noise interference which may be induced by the test leads, a shielded test cable is recommended for resistances above 100 kΩ.

[5] Specifications stated are for the voltage measured at the input terminals only. The test current (1 mA) is typical. Variation in the current source will create some variation in the voltage dropped across a diode junction.

[6] Specifications stated are for open test lead measurements with film capacitor or better, using Null math operation.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Low-resistance specifications

Range	Test current	Accuracy $\pm$ (% of reading + % of range) <sup>[1]</sup> 1 year (23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C)
100 m $\Omega$	1.0000 A	0.25 + 0.05
1000 m $\Omega$	0.1000 A	0.25 + 0.03
10 $\Omega$	0.1000 A	0.25 + 0.03

[1] Four-wire measurement method is used. Test current is sent from the FORCE terminals and resistance is measured at the SENSE terminals.

### AC specifications

Function	Range <sup>[1]</sup>	Test current or burden voltage	Accuracy $\pm$ (% of reading + % of range)			Temperature coefficient 0 °C – 18 °C 28 °C – 55 °C
			24 hours <sup>[2]</sup> 23 °C $\pm$ 1 °C	90 days 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C	1 year 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C	
True rms AC voltage <sup>[3]</sup>	100.000 mV to 750.00 V	20 Hz – 45 Hz	0.60 + 0.1	0.60 + 0.1	1.00 + 0.1 <sup>[4]</sup>	0.02 + 0.02
		45 Hz – 10 kHz	0.16 + 0.1	0.16 + 0.1	0.20 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		10 kHz – 30 kHz	0.80 + 0.1	0.80 + 0.1	1.00 + 0.1 <sup>[5]</sup>	0.02 + 0.02
		30 kHz – 100 kHz <sup>[6]</sup>	3.00 + 0.2	3.00 + 0.2	3.00 + 0.2 <sup>[7][8]</sup>	0.05 + 0.02
True rms AC current <sup>[10]</sup>	10.0000 mA to 3.0000 A	20 Hz – 45 Hz	0.80 + 0.1	0.80 + 0.1	1.50 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		45 Hz – 1 kHz	0.40 + 0.1	0.40 + 0.1	0.50 + 0.1	0.02 + 0.02
		1 kHz – 10 kHz <sup>[9]</sup>	2.00 + 0.2	2.00 + 0.2	2.00 + 0.2	0.02 + 0.02

[1] 20% over-range on all ranges, except for 750 V<sub>ac</sub> range.

[2] Relative to calibration standards.

[3] Specifications stated are for input signals greater than 5% of range.

[4] For 750 V range, accuracy is specified for input less than 200 V<sub>rms</sub>.

[5] For 100 mV range, accuracy is specified at 1.5 + 0.3.

[6] Add an error of 0.003% of full scale per kHz when input signal changes less than 10% of range.

[7] For 100 mV range, accuracy is specified at 5 + 0.3.

[8] For 750 V range, accuracy is specified for input less than 300 V<sub>rms</sub>.

[9] For 1 A and 3 A ranges, the accuracy is specified for frequencies less than 5 kHz.

[10] Any current measurement greater than 500 mA will have a temporary thermo-effect. If you wish to measure a lower current or offset current immediately after a high-current measurement, ensure that the U3606A has cooled down.

[11] Specifications for AC+DC measurement is the sum of the AC and DC accuracy. The frequency range is from 50 Hz for 5½-digit resolution and 225 Hz for 4½-digit resolution.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Frequency specifications

Function	Input range	Frequency range Min. input frequency = 1 Hz	Accuracy ±(% of reading + % of range) 1 year (23 °C ± 5 °C)	Temperature coefficient 0 °C – 18 °C 28 °C – 55 °C
Frequency	<b>Voltage:</b> 100 mV to 750 V <sup>[1]</sup>	< 2 Hz	0.18 + 0.003	0.005
		< 20 Hz	0.04 + 0.003	0.005
		20 Hz – 100 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005
		100 kHz – 300 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005
Current: 10 mA to 3 A		< 2 Hz	0.18 + 0.003	0.005
		< 20 Hz	0.04 + 0.003	0.005
		20 Hz – 10 kHz	0.02 + 0.003	0.005

Input range <sup>[2]</sup>	Minimum frequency sensitivity for voltage measurement (RMS sine wave)		
	20 Hz – 100 kHz	100 kHz – 300 kHz	300 kHz – 1 MHz
100 mV	50 mV	50 mV	0.5 V
1.0 V	100 mV	120 mV	0.5 V
10 V	1 V	1.2 V	-
100 V	10 V	12 V	-
750 V	100 V	-	-

Input range	Minimum frequency sensitivity for current measurement (RMS sine wave)
	20 Hz – 100 kHz
10 mA	1 mA
100 mA	10 mA
1 A	100 mA
3 A	300 mA

[1] For 100 mV and 1 V ranges, the measurable frequency is up to 1 MHz at 0.5 V input signal.

[2] Maximum input for the specified accuracy = 10 x range or 1000 V<sub>dc</sub>.

[3] All frequency counters are susceptible to errors when measuring low-voltage, low-frequency signals. Shielding inputs from external noise pickup is critical for minimizing measurement errors.

### Duty cycle and pulse width specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy at full scale
Duty cycle	100.000% <sup>[1]</sup>	0.001%	0.3% + 0.2% per kHz
Pulse width	199.999 ms <sup>[2]</sup>	0.001 ms	Duty cycle/Frequency
	1999.99 ms <sup>[2]</sup>	0.01 ms	Duty cycle/Frequency

[1] The range is from  $\{10 \mu\text{s} \times \text{frequency} \times 100\%\} \sim \{[1 - (10 \mu\text{s} \times \text{frequency})] \times 100\%\}$ . For example, a 1 kHz signal can be measured from 1% ~ 99%.

[2] The positive or negative pulse width must be greater than 10  $\mu\text{s}$ . The range of the pulse width is determined by the frequency of the signal.

## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Measurement speeds (typical)

Function	Rate	Reading speed <sup>[1]</sup> (readings/second)	Reading speed over USB <sup>[2]</sup> (readings/second)	Reading speed over GPIB <sup>[3]</sup> (readings/second)
DC voltage (10 V)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	31	32
DC current (1 A)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	37	36
AC voltage (10 V at 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	31	32
AC current (1A at 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	16	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	37	37
Resistance (100 kΩ)	Slow (5½ digits)	15	17	17
	Fast (4½ digits)	70	27	31
Capacitance (10 μF)	Slow/Fast (3½ digits)	5	4.4	4.6
Frequency (voltage path at 10 V, 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digits)	9	2.7	2.7
	Fast (4½ digits)	9	2.7	2.7
Frequency (current path at 10 V, 1 kHz)	Slow (5½ digit)	9	2.7	2.7
	Fast (4½ digit)	9	2.7	2.7

[1] Reading rate of the A/D converter.

[2] Number of measurements per second that can be read through USB using SCPI "READ?" command.

[3] Number of measurements per second that can be read through GPIB using SCPI "READ?" command.

### Supplementary specifications

#### DC voltage

<b>Measurement method</b>	Sigma Delta A-to-D converter
<b>Maximum input voltage</b>	1000 V <sub>dc</sub> on all ranges
<b>Input impedance</b>	10 MΩ ± 2% range (typical) in parallel with capacitance < 120 pF
<b>Input protection</b>	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 0.15 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% DC value of the tested input signal at the same range.

#### DC current

<b>Measurement method</b>	Sigma Delta A-to-D converter
<b>Maximum input current</b>	10 mA – 3.0 A DC
<b>Burden voltage and shunt resistance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 10 Ω for 10 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 1 Ω for 100 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.3 V, 0.1 Ω for 1 A range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.7 V, 0.01 Ω for 3 A range</li> </ul>
<b>Input protection</b>	Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 0.15 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% DC value of the tested input signal at the same range.

# Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

## Supplementary specifications

### AC voltage

<b>Measurement method</b>	AC coupled true rms
<b>Maximum input voltage</b>	750 V <sub>rms</sub> /1200 V <sub>peak</sub> /3 × 10 <sup>7</sup> V-Hz of product
<b>Input impedance</b>	1 MΩ ± 2% range (typical) in parallel with capacitance < 120 pF
<b>Input protection</b>	750 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges
<b>Crest factor</b>	For < 5:1 errors included. Limited by the peak input and 100 kHz bandwidth. Maximum 3.0 at full scale.
<b>Peak input</b>	300% of range. Limited by maximum input.
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 2.5 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% AC rms value of the tested input signal at the same range.
<b>Overload ranging</b>	Will select higher range if peak input overload is detected during auto range. Overload is reported in manual ranging.

### AC current

<b>Measurement method</b>	AC coupled true rms
<b>Maximum input current</b>	10 mA – 3.0 A DC or AC rms
<b>Burden voltage and shunt resistance</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 10 Ω for 10 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.2 V, 1 Ω for 100 mA range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.3 V, 0.1 Ω for 1 A range</li> <li>• &lt; 0.7 V, 0.01 Ω for 3 A range</li> </ul>
<b>Input protection</b>	Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse
<b>Crest factor</b>	For < 5:1 errors included. Limited by the peak input and 100 kHz bandwidth. Maximum 3.0 at full scale.
<b>Peak input</b>	300% of range. Limited by maximum input.
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 2.5 s when the displayed reading reaches 99.9% AC rms value of the tested input signal at the same range.

### Resistance

<b>Measurement method</b>	Two-wire, open-circuit voltage limited to < 5 V
<b>Open circuit voltage</b>	< +5.0 V <sub>dc</sub>
<b>Input protection</b>	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 0.15 seconds for 1 MΩ and ranges below 1 MΩ

### Low-resistance

<b>Measurement method</b>	Four-wire; test current is sent from the FORCE terminals and resistance measured at the SENSE terminals.
<b>Input protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• FORCE terminals: 3.15 A/250 V</li> <li>• SENSE terminals: 1000 V<sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, &lt; 0.3 A short circuit</li> </ul>

### Continuity

<b>Measurement method</b>	0.83 mA ± 0.2% constant current source
<b>Open circuit voltage</b>	< +5.0 V <sub>dc</sub>
<b>Audible tone</b>	Continuous beeping when reading is less than the threshold resistance of 10 Ω at 1.0 kΩ range
<b>Input protection</b>	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit

### Diode

<b>Measurement method</b>	0.83 mA ± 0.2% constant current source
<b>Open circuit voltage</b>	< +5.0 V <sub>dc</sub>
<b>Audible tone</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Continuous beeping when level is below +50 mV DC</li> <li>• Single tone for normal forward-biased diode or semiconductor junction where 0.3 V ≤ reading ≤ 0.8 V</li> </ul>
<b>Input protection</b>	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit



## Digital multimeter specifications (continued)

### Supplementary specifications

#### Capacitance

<b>Measurement method</b>	Computed from constant current source charge time, typical 0.2 V to 1.4 V <sub>ac</sub> signal level
<b>Maximum voltage at full scale</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• For 1 nF – 10 μF range: &lt; 1.5 V</li><li>• For 100 μF – 10000 μF: 0.33 V</li></ul>
<b>Input protection</b>	1000 V <sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, < 0.3 A short circuit
<b>Response time</b>	Approximately 1 s for 100 μF and ranges below 100 μF
<b>Charge and discharge voltage</b>	5 V <sub>pp</sub> (approximately from +3 V to –2 V)

#### Frequency

<b>Measurement method</b>	Reciprocal counting technique
<b>Signal level</b>	0.2 V – 1.4 V
<b>Input protection</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Voltage path: 1000 V<sub>rms</sub> on all ranges, &lt; 0.3 A short circuit</li><li>• Current path: Protected with 3.15 A/500 V, FF fuse</li></ul>

#### Maximum display counts (excluding frequency)

<b>5½ digits</b>	120,000
<b>4½ digits</b>	12,000

#### Noise rejection

<b>Common mode rejection ratio (CMRR) for 1 kΩ unbalanced in LO lead</b>	<b>DC:</b> 140 dB, <b>AC:</b> 70 dB
<b>Normal mode rejection ratio (NMRR)</b>	<b>60 Hz ± 0.1%:</b> 5½ digits: 65 dB, 4½ digits: 0 dB <b>50 Hz ± 0.1%:</b> 5½ digits: 55 dB, 4½ digits: 0 dB

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# Power supply specifications

## Specification assumptions:

- Specifications stated are after 60-minutes of warm-up and with no load
- Operating temperature: 18 °C – 28 °C (64.4 °F – 82.4 °F)
- Accuracy is expressed as  $\pm$ (% of output + offset) at 23 °C  $\pm$  5 °C
- Temperature coefficient: Add  $[0.1 \times (\text{the specified accuracy}) / \text{°C}]$  for 0 °C – 18 °C and 28 °C – 55 °C
- Relative humidity (RH) up to 80% at 30 °C, proportional to 50% for 30 °C – 55 °C

## DC power supply specifications

<b>Output ratings</b>	<b>Range S1:</b> 0 V to 30 V, 0 A to 1 A <b>Range S2:</b> 0 V to 8 V, 0 A to 3 A
<b>Programming accuracy</b> 1 year (@ 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C), $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 0.05% + 5 mV</li> <li>▪ 0.15% + 3mA</li> </ul>
<b>Readback accuracy</b> 1 year over GPIB and USB or front panel with respect to actual output (@ 23 °C $\pm$ 5 °C), $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ 0.05% + 5 mV</li> <li>▪ 0.15% + 3mA</li> </ul>
<b>Ripple and noise</b> With outputs ungrounded, or with either output terminal grounded, 20 Hz to 1 MHz	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ &lt; 2 mV<sub>rms</sub> ; &lt; 30 mV<sub>pp</sub></li> <li>▪ &lt; 1 mA<sub>rms</sub></li> </ul>
<b>Front terminal load regulation</b> $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ &lt; 3 mV<sup>[1]</sup></li> <li>▪ &lt; 0.03% + 0.3 mA</li> </ul>
<b>Rear terminal load regulation</b> $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ &lt; 0.01% + 3 mV</li> <li>▪ &lt; 0.03% + 0.3 mA</li> </ul>
<b>Line regulation</b> $\pm$ (% of output + offset)	3 mV, 1.5 mA
<b>Programming resolution</b>	1 mV, 0.1 mA
<b>Readback resolution</b>	1 mV, 0.1 mA
<b>Front panel resolution</b>	1 mV, 0.1 mA
<b>Transient response time</b>	Less than 300 ms for output to recover to within 15 mV following a change in output current from full load to half load or vice versa.
<b>Command processing time</b>	Average time for output voltage to begin to change after receipt of digital data when instrument is connected directly to the USB or GPIB is less than 100 ms.
<b>Overvoltage protection (for CC mode):</b>	<b>Accuracy:</b> 0.5% + 0.5 V <b>Activation time</b> <sup>[2]</sup> : < 2ms
<b>Overcurrent protection (for CV mode):</b>	<b>Accuracy:</b> 0.5% + 0.05 A <b>Activation time</b> <sup>[2]</sup> : < 2 ms

[1] Contacts and leads resistance may contribute an additional error of 6mV/A (typical).

[2] Average time for the detection of OVP or OCP condition.

## Power supply specifications (continued)

### Sweep specifications

Function		Range	Amplitude	Step	Dwelling time
Scan	Constant voltage	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 – 31.500 V 0 – 8.4000 V	1 step – 100 steps	1 s – 99 s
	Constant current	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 – 1.0500 A 0 – 3.1500 A	1 step – 100 steps	1 s – 99 s
Ramp	Constant voltage	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 – 31.500 V 0 – 8.4000 V	1 step – 10,000 steps	300 ms/step (typical)
	Constant current	S1 (30 V/1 A) S2 (8 V/3 A)	0 – 1.0500 A 0 – 3.1500 A	1 step – 10,000 steps	300 ms/step (typical)

[1] Ramp and scan outputs start at 0 volt by default.

### Square-wave output specifications

Parameter	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Frequency	0.5, 2, 5, 6, 10, 15, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60, 75, 80, 100, 120, 150, 200, 240, 300, 400, 480, 600, 800, 1200, 1600, 2400, 4800 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.005% + 1 count
Duty cycle	0.39% – 99.60%	0.39% <sup>[1]</sup>	0.4% <sup>[1][2]</sup>
Pulse width	1/Frequency	Range/256	Duty cycle/Frequency <sup>[1][3]</sup>
Amplitude	S1 (30 V/1 A)	1 mV	0.2 V
	S2 (8 V/3 A)	1 mV	0.2 V

[1] Specification applies when the positive or negative pulse width is greater than 50 μs.

[2] For frequency signals greater than 100 Hz, an additional 0.1% per 100 Hz is to be added.

$$Accuracy = 0.4\% + \left( \frac{frequency}{100} - 1 \right) \times 0.1\%$$

[3] The accuracy of pulse width could also be calculated as  $[0.4\% + (frequency/100 - 1) \times 0.1\%]/frequency$ .

[4] Rise/fall time is less than 25 μs.

[5] Specifications are based on a resistive load.

### Supplementary specifications

#### Output programming range

Range	Output programming	OV/OC	OVP/OCP
S1	0 V to 31.500 V/0 A to 1.05 A	31.500 V/1.05 A	33.000 V/1.1 A
S2	0 V to 8.4 V/0 A to 3.15 A	8.4 V/3.15 A	8.8 V/3.3 A

#### Remote sensing capability

- Range S1 (30 V/1 A): up to a 0.75-volt drop per load lead
- Range S2 (8V/3 A): up to a 0.5-volt drop per load lead

#### Temperature coefficient

± (% of output + offset)/ °C for 0 °C – 18 °C and 28 °C – 55 °C

- Voltage: 0.005% + 0.5 mV/°C
- Current: 0.02% + 1 mA/°C

#### Voltage programming speed (excludes command processing time)

- Up: 300 ms (full load and no load)
- Down: 400 ms (full load and no load)

# General characteristics

## Power supply

- Universal 100 V<sub>ac</sub> to 240 V<sub>ac</sub> ±10%
- AC line frequency 45 Hz to 66 Hz and (360 Hz to 440 Hz, for 100/120 V operation)

## Power consumption

150 VA maximum

## Fuse

Front panel 3.15 A, 500 V FF fuse

## Display

Highly visible vacuum-fluorescent display (VFD)

## Operating environment

- Operating temperature from 0 °C to +55 °C
- Relative humidity up to 80% at 30 °C RH (non-condensing)
- Altitude up to 2000 meters
- Pollution degree 2
- For indoor use only

## Storage compliance

–40 °C to 70 °C

## Safety compliance

Certified with:

- IEC 61010-1:2001/EN61010-1:2001 (2nd Edition)
- Canada: CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04
- USA: ANSI/UL 61010-1:2004

## EMC compliance

Certified with:

- IEC61326-1:2005 / EN61326-1:2006
- CISPR 11:2003 / EN55011:2007 (Group 1 Class A)
- Canada: ICES/NMB-001:2004
- Australia/New Zealand: AS/NZS CISPR11:2004

## Shock and vibration

Tested to IEC/EN 60068-2

## Remote interface

- GPIB IEEE-488
- Full Speed USB 2.0 (Type B)
- USBTMC 488.2 Class device
- USB-CDC

## Programming language

Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI)

## Measurement category

- CAT II, 300 V
- CAT I, 1000 V<sub>dc</sub>, 750 V<sub>ac</sub> rms
- 2500 V<sub>pk</sub> transient over voltages

## Dimensions (H × W × D)

105 × 255 × 329 mm (with rubber bumpers)  
87 × 215 × 312 mm (without rubber bumpers)

## Weight

3.775 kg (with rubber bumpers)  
3.535 kg (without rubber bumpers)

## Warranty

One year

## Calibration cycle

One year

## Warm-up time

60 minutes

## Ordering information

### Standard shipped items

- Quick Start Guide
- Product Reference CD
- Agilent IO Library Suite
- Certificate of Calibration
- U8201A Combo Test Lead Kit
- USB 2.0 High-Speed Type-A to Type-B cable
- AC power cord

### Warranty options

**R-51B-001-3C** Extended warranty from one year to three years

**R-51B-001-5C** Extended warranty from one year to five years

### Optional accessories



**U8201A** Combo Test Lead Kit



**U3606A-1CM** Rack Mount Kit



**U8202A** Electronic Test Lead Kit (for DMM function)



**34133A** Precision Electronic Test Leads (for DMM function)



**34330A** Current Shunt (30 A) (for DMM function)



**34136A** 40 kV high-voltage probe (for DMM function)



**11059A** Kelvin Probe Set and **11062A** Kelvin Clip Set (for DMM function)



**E3600A-100** Test Lead Kit (for DC power supply function)

### I/O connectivity options

#### For control via GPIB interface

- 82350B/82351A PCI/PCIe high-performance GPIB interface card
- 82357B USB/GPIB converter
- E5810A LAN/GPIB gateway
- 10833D/A/B/C/F/G GPIB cables
- 10834A GPIB-to-GPIB adapter

#### For control via USB interface

- E5813A networked 5-port USB hub



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